



MarinTrust Standard V2

By-product Fishery Assessment

GBR27

Scallop (*Pecten maximus*)

in ICES Subareas 5 and 8, and Divisions 2a, 4a&b, 6a, and 7a,d,e,g&h

MarinTrust Programme

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Table 1 Application details and summary of the assessment outcome

Fishery Under Assessment	Species:	Scallop (<i>Pecten maximus</i>)
	Geographical area:	FAO 27
	Country of origin of the product:	UK
	Stock:	ICES Subareas 5 and 8, and Divisions 2a, 4a&b, 6a, and 7a,d,e,g&h
Date	August 2024	
Report Code	GBR27	
Assessor	Sam Peacock	
Country of origin of the product - PASS	UK	
Country of origin of the product - FAIL	n/a	

Application details and summary of the assessment outcome			
Company Name(s): Grimsby (Pelagia)			
Country: UK			
Email address:		Applicant Code:	
Certification Body Details			
Name of Certification Body:		NSF / Global Trust Certification Ltd.	
Assessor	Peer Reviewer	Assessment Days	Initial/Surveillance/Re-approval
Sam Peacock	Léa Lebechnech	0.2	Surveillance 2
Assessment Period		August 2024 – August 2025	

Scope Details	
Main Species	Scallop (<i>Pecten maximus</i>)
Stock	ICES Subareas 5 and 8, and Divisions 2a, 4a&b, 6a, and 7a,d,e,g&h
Fishery Location	FAO 27
Management Authority (Country/ State)	EU
Gear Type(s)	Dredge
Outcome of Assessment	
Peer Review Evaluation	Agree with the assessor's determination
Recommendation	APPROVED

Table 2. Assessment Determination

Assessment Determination
<p>If any species is categorised as Endangered or Critically Endangered on IUCN’s Red List, or if it appears in the CITES appendices, it cannot be approved for use as Marin trust raw material. Scallop (<i>Pecten maximus</i>) has not been categorised by the IUCN, and it does not appear in the CITES appendices. Therefore, <i>Pecten maximus</i> is eligible for approval for use as Marin trust by-product raw material.</p> <p>There are no biomass-based reference points established for Scallop in ICES Subareas 5 and 8, and Divisions 2a, 4a&b, 6a, and 7a,d,e,g&h, and the stock does not appear to be subjected to stock assessment. For this reason, it was assessed under Category D.</p> <p>Scallop was assigned a Productivity score of 1.17 and a Susceptibility score of 3, leading to an outcome of Pass on Table 3.</p> <p>Therefore, scallop (<i>Pecten maximus</i>) in ICES Subareas 5 and 8, and Divisions 2a, 4a&b, 6a, and 7a,d,e,g&h is APPROVED for the production of fishmeal and fish oil under the current MarinTrust v2.3 by-products.</p>
Fishery Assessment Peer Review Comments
<p>The assessor correctly classified scallop (<i>Pecten maximus</i>) in ICES Subareas 5 and 8, and Divisions 2a, 4a&b, 6a, and 7a,d,e,g&h under Category D, as no biomass-based reference points established for this stock.</p> <p>The peer reviewer agrees with the given average Productivity score of 1.17 and an average Susceptibility score of 3, which lead to a Pass rating against Table D3.</p> <p>In conclusion, scallop in ICES Subareas 5 and 8, and Divisions 2a, 4a&b, 6a, and 7a,d,e,g&h passes Category D and therefore should be APPROVED under the MarinTrust Standard v2.3.</p>
Notes for On-site Auditor
N/A

Species Categorisation

NB: If any species is categorised as Endangered or Critically Endangered on the IUCN Red List, or if it appears in CITES Appendix 1, it **cannot** be approved for use as an MarinTrust raw material.

IUCN Red list Category

By-product material from a species listed by IUCN (the International Union for Conservation of Nature) under the Red List for the following categories shall immediately fail the assessment;

- EXTINCT (E) AND EXTINCT IN THE WILD (EW)
- CRITICALLY ENDANGERED (CR) facing an extremely high risk of extinction in the wild.
- ENDANGERED (EN) facing a very high risk of extinction in the wild.

By-product material may be used from the following categories provided that all clauses in the MarinTrust standard are passed.

- VULNERABLE (VU) facing a high risk of extinction in the wild.
- NEAR THREATENED (NT) does not qualify for above now, but is close or is likely to qualify for, a threatened category in the near future.
- LEAST CONCERN (LC) Widespread and abundant.
- DATA DEFICIENT (DD) and NOT EVALUATED (NE)

Table 3 Species Categorisation Table

Common name	Latin name	Stock	Management	Category	IUCN Red List Category ¹	CITES Appendix 1 ²
Scallop	<i>Pecten maximus</i>	ICES Subareas 5 and 8, and Divisions 2a, 4a&b, 6a, and 7a,d,e,g&h	No	D	Not assessed	No

¹ <https://www.iucnredlist.org/>

² <https://cites.org/eng/app/appendices.php>

CATEGORY D SPECIES

Category D species are those which are not subject to a species-specific management regime. In the case of mixed trawl fisheries, Category D species may make up the majority of landings. The comparative lack of scientific information on the status of the population of the species means that a risk-assessment style approach must be taken.


D1	Species Name	Scallop (<i>Pecten maximus</i>)	
	Productivity Attribute	Value	Score
	Average age at maturity (years)	2-3 years (2)	1
	Average maximum age (years)	20 years (2)	2
	Fecundity (eggs/spawning)	15-21 million (3)	1
	Average maximum size (cm)	17cm (1)	1
	Average size at maturity (cm)	8-9cm (2)	1
	Reproductive strategy	Broadcast spawner (3)	1
	Mean trophic level	Unknown	-
	Average Productivity Score		1.17
	Susceptibility Attribute	Value	Score
	Availability (area overlap)	>30% overlap	3
	Encounterability (the position of the stock/species within the water column relative to the fishing gear)	Target	3
	Selectivity of gear type	Retained	3
	Post-capture mortality	Retained	3
	Average Susceptibility Score		3
	PSA Risk Rating (From Table D3)		PASS
	Compliance rating		PASS
	Further justification for susceptibility scoring (where relevant)		
	<i>For susceptibility attributes, please provide a brief rationale for scoring of parameters where there may be uncertainty affecting your decision</i>		
			
Scallop, native range (Sealifebase, https://www.sealifebase.se/summary/Pecten-maximus.html)			
References			
(1) Sealifebase, Scallop: https://www.sealifebase.se/summary/Pecten-maximus.html			
(2) Beukers-Stewart BD and Beukers-Stewart JS (2009). Principles for the Management of Inshore Scallop Fisheries around the United Kingdom. Report to Natural England, Scottish Natural Heritage and Countryside Council for Wales. Marine Ecosystem Management Report no. 1, University of York, 58 pp. https://eprints.whiterose.ac.uk/105473/1/Beukers Stewart Beukers Stewart 2009 Scallop Fisheries Management.pdf			
(3) BIOTIC database, scallop: https://www.marlin.ac.uk/biotic/browse.php?sp=4236			
Standard clauses 1.3.2.2			

Table D2 - Productivity / Susceptibility attributes and scores.

Productivity attributes	High productivity (Low risk, score = 1)	Medium productivity (medium risk, score = 2)	Low productivity (high risk, score = 3)
Average age at maturity	<5 years	5-15 years	>15 years
Average maximum age	<10 years	10-25 years	>25 years
Fecundity	>20,000 eggs per year	100-20,000 eggs per year	<100 eggs per year
Average maximum size	<100 cm	100-300 cm	>300 cm
Average size at maturity	<40 cm	40-200 cm	>200 cm
Reproductive strategy	Broadcast spawner	Demersal egg layer	Live bearer
Mean Trophic Level	<2.75	2.75-3.25	>3.25

Susceptibility attributes	Low susceptibility (Low risk, score = 1)	Medium susceptibility (medium risk, score = 2)	High susceptibility (high risk, score = 3)
Areal overlap (availability) Overlap of the fishing effort with the species range	<10% overlap	10-30% overlap	>30% overlap
Encounterability The position of the stock/species within the water column relative to the fishing gear, and the position of the stock/species within the habitat relative to the position of the gear	Low overlap with fishing gear (low encounterability).	Medium overlap with fishing gear.	High overlap with fishing gear (high encounterability). Default score for target species
Selectivity of gear type Potential of the gear to retain species	a Individuals < size at maturity are rarely caught	a Individuals < size at maturity are regularly caught.	a Individuals < size at maturity are frequently caught
	b Individuals < size at maturity can escape or avoid gear.	b Individuals < half the size at maturity can escape or avoid gear.	b Individuals < half the size at maturity are retained by gear.
Post-capture mortality (PCM) The chance that, if captured, a species would be released and that it would be in a condition permitting subsequent survival	Evidence of majority released post-capture and survival.	Evidence of some released post-capture and survival.	Retained species or majority dead when released.

D3		Average Susceptibility Score		
		1 - 1.75	1.76 - 2.24	2.25 - 3
Average Productivity Score	1 - 1.75	PASS	PASS	PASS
	1.76 - 2.24	PASS	PASS	TABLE D4
	2.25 - 3	PASS	TABLE D4	TABLE D4